No. 15,081. WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 28, 1901-SIXTEEN PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

and to pay a fine of \$400. Pardon granted on condition of payment of fine and costs.

Pardon Refused.

don to Ellery P. Ingham and Harvey K.

Newitt, the Philadelphia lawyers who were

convicted two years ago of offering bribes

to secret service officers working in con-

nection with the celebrated Philadelphia

counterfeiting cases, and who were sen-tenced to two and a half years each in prison. The grounds for the application were that the men have already served a

large portion of the sentence and that they

were still further punished by being dis-

barred from the practice of law in Penn-

that recommendation. It is understood that

the Attorney General would not have sent

the President not asked for it that he might have opportunity to pass upon it.

In his recommendation to the President

pel shall be stripped of his cloth, or that a great moral or social leader under like cir-

cumstances shall be dethroned and cast out in disgrace. Congress has no function in

such matters. Society has its own way of

protecting itself-its own system of re-

courts to purge its bar of those who had

brought discredit and shame upon it. Your pardon could not restore them to practice. This is a matter solely for the courts which

"All the consequences of crime are dis-

agreeable and distressing. These petition

ers were lawyers. They well knew the high

respecting court in a law-respecting com-munity would tolerate upon its roll, and thereby hold out to the world as worthy of

confidence, men who with deliberate de-sign abandoned the high traditions of their

profession and entered into a criminal con

ment into a betrayal of their trust.

spiracy to corrupt the currency of their

"The suggestion that the high-minded udge who imposed the merciful sentence in

this case could not have considered the

possibility of their disbarment needs no

"In my judgment there is no reason why

the petition should be granted, and I there-fore recommend that it be denied."

PORTO RICAN BELT LINE

Franchise Submitted to the President

for His Action.

The government has received some of the

franchises granted by the Porto Rico leg-

Islature, which, according to the Foraker

law, must be passed upon by the Presi-

dent before they become effective. One of

the most important of these concerns the

railway which is to make the entire circuit

of the island. The road was originally

chartered by Spain under rather favorable

for a considerable distance around the

island. After the American occupation

work was suspended until the determina-

tion could be reached as to the rights, if

the full project is carried out, of completely encircling the island. The Porto Rican legislature has now granted a fran-

chise. Although this is not so favorable as

a former one, the French stockholders have

agreed to accept it, as probably the best that can be obtained. It only remains for

the President to give assent to it, and it is understood that the papers are being

gone over by the Attorney General pre

TO SUCCEED SECRETARY GUZMAN.

Mr. Veloz-Gritura Strongly Recom-

mended for the Position.

The State Department is receiving a num-

ber of strong recommendations for the ap-

pointment of N. Veloz-Gritura as secretary

of the bureau of American republics, to

succeed the late Dr. Guzman. Mr. Veloz-

Gritura is at present secretary of foreign

relations of the Pan-American exposition at

Buffalo. He is recommended for the post

here by President Buchanan of the exposi-

tion, Governor Bliss of Michigan and a

number of the South American ministers.

He is a native of Venezuela, a linguist,

speaking English, French, German and Italian, besides his native language of Span-

ish. At one time he was a plenipotentiary

of Venezuela in Europe, and is said to be a man of marked ability and most agree-

SECRETARY ROOT RETURNS.

Found a Large Amount of Business

Secretary Root resumed his duties at the

War Department this morning after a short

holiday with his family at Clinton, N. Y.

There is a large accumulation of important

business awaiting his personal considera-

tion. He has devoted so much of his time

The British charge d'affaires, Mr. Gerard

Lowther, was at the State Department to-

day to inform the officials that he and the

entire staff of the embassy will leave to-

morrow for Newport, where the embassy will be located throughout the summer and

fall. Most of the important questions, par-

Awaiting Him.

able personality.

ticularly the

paratory to final executive action.

conditions, and was built from San Juan

and seduce officers of the govern-

rejected them.

comment.

the Attorney General says:

case to the White House at all had

The President has refused to grant a par-

## MANY RESOLUTIONS

Virginia Convention Working on the New Constitution.

PROPOSITION OF A WOMA

Criticises Whites and Blacks and

Wants Suffrage.

OTHER BUSINESS

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

RICHMOND, Va., June 28.-The constitutional convention met promptly at noon, President Goode presiding. Prayer was offered by the Rev. Dr. W. B. Beauchamp of Broad Street Methodist Church. Senator Daniel offered a resolution, which was adopted, directing the secretary of the convention to purchase such books and pamphlets containing the franchise clauses of other states, and those on which decisions had been made by the Supreme Court of the United States, for the use of the committee on elective franchise. Other resolutions were offered as follows:

By Mr. Kendall-Placing the care, control and expense of the public schools in the various counties and cities of the state under the patrons of the schools. The white schools to the whites and the black schools to the negroes.

By Mr. Barbour-Providing for the elec-

tion of all judges by the people and for holding office during good behavior.

By Mr. Portlock—Declaring that the members of the convention are not officers.

By Mr. O'Flaherty—Guaranteeing the ight of religious liberty to all persons. By Mr. Blair—Making it obligatory upon

property holders to return correct lists of property for taxation. By Mr. Summers—Reciting that for many years board appointees for the government of the state institutions had been of a political complexion, placing the control of such institutions under the control of poli-ticians, and providing that such appointees shall be divided among the two dominant political parties of the state.

#### A Woman's Views.

Mr. Summers also presented a resolution, saying it had been prepared by a lady, though he did not agree with its expressions. It recited that "We regret the folly of the United States government in conferring the right of suffrage on the ignorant ex-slave and forcing him upon the helpless former master as a political equal, and after a third of a century's experience find him unfitted to execute the trust imposed on him, and further that we, the white women of Virginia, must in truth and humility admit that the white man has been more recreant to duty than the ex-slave; that after exercising the right of suffrage for over a hundred years, we find him de-based, stooping to the lowest methods in elections to accomplish his ill-timed ends, trophy of his prowess, until Virginia electorate is looked upon by the world as an ignorance and ballot-box thieves, and whereas the women of Virone-tenth of the taxes of the state and frequently support their husbands and sons, while the latter are drinking such fluids that would kill the higher order of animals, chewing what the terminate vermin, and keeping such hours that produces pigmies instead of men; and in either white or colored electorate to pass moral, religious or wholesome laws, and whereas there is a problem more serious women can, and now in Virginia it is the

white woman's burden, therefore: "Resolved, That every white female citizen of the United States twenty-one years old who shall have been a resident of this state twelve months, and of the county, city or town in which she shall offer to vote three months next preceding any tion shall be entitled to vote and hold of-

By Mr. Summers-Abolishing the office of Heutenant governor and imposing the duties of presiding officer upon the senior members of the senate.

By Mr. Eggleston-Providing for a state superintendent of public institutions who shall exercise a general supervision over all hospitals, asylums and prisons and manage the financial affairs of such institu-

By Mr. Epps-Providing for a property qualification of \$300 as a prerequisite to voting, and for voting viva voce. Ayers offered, and the convention adopted, a resolution providing for keeping the state library open daily from 9 to 6

Mr. Glass, from the committee on printing and reporting, reported a resolution di-recting that the secretary of the convention purchase one dozen sets of the com-pilation of the constitutions of the several states, made for the New York convention, for the use of the several committees, together with copies of the constitutions of South Carolina and Louisiana.

#### STRUCK BY ELECTRIC BOLT. First Baseman of Team Killed at Mon-

roe City, Ill. ROCKFORD, Ill., June 28.-While a game of ball was in progress at Monroe Center, twenty miles southeast of this city, yesterday, lightning killed Morris Carlson, first baseman of one of the teams. The electric bolt knocked down half a dozen other players and a number of spectators, all of

whom, however, recovered quickly. The contesting teams were semi-profes sional organizations of Monroe Center and Rockford. The game was played to the accompaniment of a dazzling electrical display. It had progressed to the last half of the seventh inning, when there was a ter-rifle report from the overcast heavens, followed by a blinding flash. The infielders all fell to their knees, and as they went down they saw Carlson clasp his hands to his breast, turn part way aside and pitch

forward on his face. Spectators and players, when they had recovered from their fright, rushed to the fallen player's assistance, and were horrified to find him dead. The bolt struck Carlson upon the top of his head, splitting his cap. His hair was ged a little, but the electric fluid left no other mark upon the electric fluid left no other mark upon

## MRS. MCPHERSON'S WILL.

Mrs. Edna Muir Loses Important Point in Contest.

NEW YORK, June 28.-In the Hudson county orphans' court at Jersey City today counsel for Mrs. Edna Muir, who is contesting the will of her mother, the late widow of Senator John A. McPherson, asked for an adjournment of the hearing set for today, and gave notice of an appeal from the order of the court refusing to remove the case to the circuit court, where a trial by jury might he had. Counsel asked for an adjournment pending the appeal.

Counsel for the administrator under the will objected and asked the court to ac-cept formal proof of the will, and that Reed Gordon Dilworth of Brooklyn, a

lawyer, testified to having witnessed the will. When the will was about to be signed, the witness said, Mrs. McPherson

without assistance and signed the will as it rested on a book on her lap. The witness, Mrs. Cornelia N. Parsons and Mrs. Eliza Lucas then witnessed the will.

TO GO TO NEW YORK VIA MANILA. Transports Buford and Kilpatrick to

Sail Next Month. SAN FRANCISCO, June 28 .- The government transports Buford and Kilpatrick will both go to New York via Manila. The Buford will get away about July 10, and on her arrival in the east will probably be put in the Cuban trade. The Kilpatrick will get away about a week after the Bu-

The Logan and Thomas will carry the school teachers to the Philippines. The Logan will get away about July 5, with 125 female and 300 male teachers. The Thomas will get away a few days later, while the Grant, with officers and civilians, will sail about July 15.

#### IT PLEASES THE GERMANS.

Harvard's Conferring Degree Upon Ambassador von Holleben. BERLIN, June 28.-Today's newspapers print long special dispatches regarding the conferring by Harvard University of the degree of LL. D. upon Dr. von Holleben, the German ambassador at Washington,

and the other honors paid him. The remarks of President Eliot are keenly appreclated here. The Vossische Zeitung points out the rare and high grade character of the honor conferred upon Dr. von Holle-ben, and the Frankfurter Zeitung also prints appreciative comments, dwelling upon the solemn attendant circumstances. Official circles, including Emperor William, are also highly pleased.

#### AMERICAN MILLIONAIRES.

No Significance in Their Leaving Europe Together.

LONDON, June 28 .- J. Pierpont Morgan, W. L. Elkins, P. A. B. Widener, C. A. Griscom and other wealthy Americans who are to sail for the United States today chartered a special train to take them this morning from London to Southampton, where they boarded the Hamburg-American steamer Deutschland. Mr. Griscom said to a representative of

the Associated Press: "It is quite by accident that we are all together. We are not concocting great shipping deals or deals of any kind. We thought it would be more comfortable to take a special and so get a half hour extra in which to breakfast. We are all looking forward to an enjoyable trip."

Among the other passengers on board the Deutschland are Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. John Boyd Thacher of Albany, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Spreckels and Dr. James H. Worman,

#### United States consul at Munich. STORMS ON UPPER POTOMAC.

Railroad and Other Bridges Swept Away by Torrents.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. CUMBERLAND, Md., June 28.-Trains arrived here very late this morning, as the result of a series of cloudbursts and resultant washouts on both the Baltimore and Ohio and Pennsylvania railroads. An iron by fraudulent legislation and most cor-rupting uses, or frequently holding up bridge was washed out six miles west of stelen goods to the public in triumph as a Connellsville. A cloudburst of unusual fury occurred at Williams, about eighteen miles northwest of here, yesterday afternoon. Will creek, passing through the city, has risen away above normal. At 2 o'clock this morning it was almost a torrent. The Potomac, from which Cumberland draws its water supply, is so muddy that the water would eschew and smoking what will ex- is unfit for use. A washout occurred on the Pennsylvania railroad at Mann's Choice, and the passenger train arrived here this morning very late.

There was a destructive storm in the vicinity of Piney Grove, in the eastern end of this county. Small buildings were washed away and several bridges were demolished on the old National pike. Considera-ble live stock was drowned. M. Crawford and J. Creek were among the heaviest losers.

## WITH MEDIEVAL PAGEANTRY.

Announcement of King Edward's

Coming Coronation. LONDON, June 28 .- The royal proclamation announcing that the coronation of Kink Edward is to take place in June next, the exact day not yet being determined upon, was read this morning at St. James' palace. Temple Bar and the royal exchange, with all the quaint, medieval scenes which marked the occasion of the pro claiming of the accession of the king. Today's ceremonial was unheralded, so the crush was not so great as on the previous occasion, but crowds quickly gathered from all directions and thronged the points at which the announcement was read. The ceremony began at St. James', where, from the purple-draped balcony of the palace the Norroy King of Arms (William Henry Weldon), in a brilliant uniform, accompanied by the heralds and pursulvants, in gorgeous tabards and numerous state officials, read the proclamation. King Ewward wore an admiral's uniform. Queen Alexandria and the others of the royal party watched the ceremony with the greatest interest, the king using field glasses to obtain a clearer view.

As the Norroy King of Arms concluded with the words "God save the king," the trumpeters again sounded a fanfare, the

king, in the meantime, standing at the A procession was formed, led by a detachment of the Horse Guards, five royal carriages, containing the heralds, pursul-vants and other officials, and proceeded to emple Bar and the royal exchange, where the formalities were repeated.

## CRICKET AT PHILADELPHIA.

Canadian Team Begins Two Days
Match With Belmonts.

PHILADELPHIA June 28.-The Canadian cricketers, who reached here yesterday, began a two days' match with the Belmont eleven today at Elmwood, this city. The Canadian eleven, under the captaincy of Major C. C. Straubenzie of Kingston, will be selected from the following players H. B. McGiverin, Ottawa; W. A. Henry and G. W. M. Farrell, Halifax; H. S. Logan and C. B. O. Symons, Kingston; H. Lownsbrough, W. Wright, w. Baldwin, J. L. Somerville and J. Elmsley, Toronto; H. W. Rooke, Ganaoque; J. L. Counsell and F. T. Baldwin, Hamilton. The Belmont team is as follows: C

Coates, fr., captain; J. Barton King, F. L. Altemus, A. M. Wood, Fordham Morgan, E. K. Leech, E. B. Watson, T. M. S. Rolls, Altemus, A. Graham, Walter Kennan and George W. Statzell. The weather was clear and warm and the

crease was in first-class condition when play began, shortly before noon.

## IN A ROW OVER RELIGION.

Tumult in Spanish Chamber of Deputles Yesterday.

MADRID, June 28 .- The discussion of the religious conflicts in Spain led to such a tumult in the chamber of deputies that the sitting had to be adjourned. Senor Silvela ed the attack upon the government for not preventing creed conflicts, but his remarks were drowned in a storm of republican

hisses and protests.

The minister of the interior, Senor Moret. promised to protect Catholic religious demwas reclining on a couch. She sat up political character.

Firm That Caused Seventh National's Trouble Suspends.

NO STATEMENT OF CONDITIONS

Embarrassment Caused No Surprise or Excitement.

ASSIGNEE APPOINTED

NEW YORK, June 28 .- The failure of the firm of Henry Marquand & Co., bankers and brokers, the name of which has been connected with the embarrassment of the Seventh National Bank, was announced on the stock exchange today. The firm made an assignment to Frank Sullivan Smith. The assignment was without preferences. No statement of assets or liabilities was made with the assignment.

The firm of Henry Marquand & Co. consisted of Henry Marquand, who is the son of Henry G. Marquand, and Frank B. Poor, son of the former president of the National Park Bank. The railroad guide shows that Frank S. Smith, the assignee for Marquand & Co., is vice president and general counsel of the Pittsburg, Shawmut and Northern. Henry Marquand is first vice president of

The failure was without appreciable ef-

fect on the stock market.

the company. Loans Called In.

The admitted embarrassment of the firm in connection with the Seventh National Bank failure resulted in the wholesale calling in of stocks loaned to them for delivery, and they were obliged to buy heavily in the open market to cover. At the same time the actions of the clearing house committee and of the controller of the cur-rency put official disapproval on securities in which the firm had large investments, and which figured as part of the collateral in the loan of \$1,600,000 from the Seventh National Bank, and which caused the suspension of the bank.

The disturbance in the stock market.

caused by the embarrassment, and which depressed prices, worked to the firm's advantage, os far as it showed profits on their contracts, but the blow to their credit deprived them of resources to take advan-tage of these conditions. The failure was expected all day yester-

day and caused no surprise. Yesterday's late rally in the market was attributed to buying for their account to cover short One of the enterprises which have been financed by H. Marquand & Co., is the Gas and Electric Company of Bergen county.

This stock, which is listed on the stock exchange, sold on Monday of this week for a cash sale. Subsequently it sold at 32 for cash and at 40 and 45 the regular way. Effect of Seventh National Failure HAMILTON, Ohio, June 28 .- Following

the failure of the Seventh National Bank of New York, the directors of the Miami Valley National Bank of this city reorgan-ized the institution by ousting Vice Presi-dent Fletcher Heath, who had been acting president of the institution. The directors then selected E. W. Whitaker as president and Cashier Bake as vice president. It is stated that Mr. Heath's holdings of the bank's stock have been purchased by President Whitaker and his associates.

## Heaths Not Seriously Hurt.

A dispatch from Muncle, Ind., yesterday, says: News of the closing down of the Seventh National Bank of New York today was received in Muncle with great interest, owing to the extensive interests of the

Heath family in this bank. Fletcher S. Heath, vice president, this morning wired his two brothers-Cyrus S and Fred W.—and his parents, to the effect that the closing down of the bank would in no wise seriously affect him or his brother, Perry S. Heath; that the action in closing the doors was decided upon be-cause of unnatural occurrences; that the bank would resume and the financial standing of the stockholders is not affected. Fletcher and Perry S. Heath, like the other stockholders, have large property interests outside of the bank, while Perry S. Heath owns fine business property in the city. He is now in Salt Lake City, and is expected here in a few days. His brother, Cyrus R. Heath, departed for New York this afternoon. He is interested in several waterworks and natural and artificial gas plants in Indiana and Kentucky, and owns the Muncie Morning News. The Heaths are that the New York trouble will affect them seriously, no matter what the outcome may be. No Muncie bank is affected, but Fred W. Heath is a stockholder in the Delaware County National Bank. He departed for

## RUNAWAY STARTED HOME.

Harold F. Eastman Had Enlisted in British Marines. LONDON, June 29.-Harold F. Eastman, sixteen years old, the son of Dr. Eastman of Portland, Me., was put aboard the Dominion Line steamer Cambroman prior to the sailing of that vessel yesterday from Liverpool for Portland. Young Eastman ran away from home and enlisted in the British marines. He informed his parents of the step he had taken, and they, through Mr. Choate, the United States ambassador, secured the young man's discharge. Mr. Choate packed him off to Liverpool in care

#### of an embassy clerk. ROUGH WEATHER AT KIEL.

Yachts Taking Part in Regatta Have

Hard Time. KIEL. June 28 .- During the last few days the yachts taking part in the regatta here have suffered from squally winds, rough water and the low temperature. Prince Henry's Tilley and the yacht Odin broke their rudders and two other yachts were barely saved. Emperor William's Meteor has arrived here from England. His majesty intends to steer the Meteor in today's

#### POPE IS IN GOOD HEALTH. Report of Illness, Published in Paris. is Untrue.

ROME, June 28 .- The report published in Paris that the pope is seriously ill and that Dr. Lapponi, his attending physician, does not leave the pontiff's bedside is entirely unfounded. His holiness is in good health, and yesterday received in audience the Austrian ambassador to the Vatican and a number of other persons.

#### Deaths of Prominent Virginians. Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

RICHMOND, Va., June 28.-Allan Talbott long one of the leading men in business and social circles here, died this morning after a long illness. Dr. Phillip A Taliaferro of Gloucester died suddenly yesterday while out sailing. He was a brother of the celebrated General Taliaferro, who died some years ago.

The constitutional convention has re-

ceived an invitation from the Newport News Military Academy to be present Mononstrations so long as they were not with a day night, when W. J. Bryan will deliver political character.

## MARQUAND & CO. FAIL AWKWARD QUESTION RAISED AT THE WHITE HOUSE

DISPOSITION OF SURPLUS OVER POWERS' DEMANDS.

China Was Asked to Pay More Than What the Ministers Individually Claimed.

A rather curious discrepancy concerning the amount fixed for the Chinese indemnity has developed, by which it appears that China has agreed to pay about 35,000,000 taels, or \$24,500,000, more than the united demands of all of the powers. Just how this occurred is not clear to officials, but it appears to have been an error of calcula- TODAY'S APPOINTMENTS tion at Pekin, in the first place by those making up the indemnities, and later by the Chinese in their hasty acceptance of the total. As finally made up this total was 450,000,000 taels, but the present calculation, after taking in all of the demands that are known, makes the total only 415,000,000 taels. But in the meantime China has agreed to pay the larger amount, so that the question now arises, what will become of the excess of 35,000,000 taels?

Another question which has arisen in this onnection is as to the amount of bonds which shall be issued to Japan, as that country has drawn attention to the fact that its share of indemnity cannot be ne-gotiated on as favorable terms as some of the other powers can make. It is expected that the ministers at Pekin will decide whether Japan's share is to be augmented, but in the meantime it is understood that the matter has been considered of sufficient importance to bring to the attention of the President, with the view of learning the general attitude of this government on the matter.

The Chinese minister, who was at the State Department today, said he was not aware that the total indemnity was less by 35,000,000 taels than the amount China had agreed to pay, and for the present he was not prepared to say whether China would ask to retain this amount. It is believed that the United States would decline to take any part of the excess, and that it would be inclined to have all the powers unite in remitting that amount to China.

#### GEN. LUDLOW COMING HERE.

Has Returned From the Philippines Stricken With Consumption.

The Secretary of War has telegraphed Brigadier General William Ludlow permission to come to Washington for medical examination and treatment. General Ludlow has just arrived at San Francisco from the Philippines. He went to the Philippines for the purpose of assuming command of one of the military departments, but soon after his arrival there he was taken severely ill and his malady was diagnosed as tuberculosis, with the result that he was ordered to return immediately to the United States. General Ludlow is particularly well known in this city from the fact that he at one time held the office of Engineer Commis-

Just prior to his departure for the Phil-ippines he commanded the military de-partment of the city of Havana, and in-augurated many of the sanitary improve-ments that has made the Cuban capital one of the cleanest and healthlest cities in the

#### HIS DISCHARGE REVOKED.

Medical Board Reports Chance of Recovery for Capt. J. T. Ord.

The Secretary of War has revoked the order for the discharge of Captain James T. Ord of the Porto Rican Volunteer Infantry on the ground of physical disability. Captain Ord is a son of General E. O. C. Ord, and was on General Shafter's staff during the Santiago campaign, and his services on that occasion were commended in general orders. His two brothers took part in the battle of Santiago. One of them, Captain Jules G. Ord, was killed by a Spanish officer, whom he was trying to protect from assault. Captain James T. Ord caught a severe cold during the hurricane at Ponce last year, and it was feared that it had developed into consumption. was sent to Fort Bayard, N. M., for treatment, and is there at this time. He was recently condemned by a medical board as unfit for active service, subsequent examination by another board it was found that he was suffering only from a mild type of tuberculosis, and stood a fair chance of recovery. Acting on this report the Secretary of War has revoked the order for his discharge.

## ENTITLED TO THE GRATUITY.

Decision of Controller as to Medal

of Honor Men. Mr. Mitchell, the assistant controller of the treasury, has decided a case involving the right of R. Halbert, formerly an apprentice of the first class in the United States navy, to a gratuity of \$100 in connection with a medal of honor awarded him for extraordinary gallantry and heroism under fire of the enemy at El Pardo, Cebu, Philippine Islands, September 12 and 13, 1809. Mr. Mitchell holds that Halbert is entitled to the gratuity and states in effect that the act of March 3, 1901, is retroactive in its operation to December 1, 1873, when section 1407 of the Revised Statutes was enacted as such, and, therefore, any enlisted man in the navy or marine corps who, after that date, shall, in consequence of having distinguished himself in battle, or displayed extraordinary heroism in the line of his duty, become entitled to a medal of honor, be also entitled to the gratuity of \$100.

## QUESTION OF JURISDICTION.

Reconstruction of Pier at San Juan

Referred to Attorney General. The question regarding the reconstruction of the steamship pier at San Juan, Porto Rico, has been referred to the Attorney General for an opinion as to whether the statute giving the chief of engineers jurisdiction in matters affecting the navigation of rivers and harbors in the United States is applicable to the harbor of San Juan. An application for permission to construct the pier is before the War Department. It is understood the Navy Department opposes the building of the pier on the ground that it will interfere with the naval station at San Juan. Gen. Gillespie, chief of en-gineers, has informed the Secretary of War that the pier will not interfere with the navigation of the harbor.

## WILL GO TO PHILADELPHIA.

The Chinese Minister Has Not Been Informed of Any Protest.

The Chinese minister has not taken cognizance of the reported protest by certain individuals against his delivering the Fourth of July oration at Philadelphia, except as he has noted the press reports. The authorities in charge of the celebration have not seen fit to bring the matter to his at-tention and, under the circumstances he is going ahead to keep the appointment which was made some months age.

A Washingtonian Henored

Mr. Thomas Wilson of the United States

National Museum has just received from

the French government the appointment of

#### George Brock, convicted in the southern district of the Indian territory of horse theft, and sentenced November 18, 1898, to five years in the Missouri penitentiary. Sentence commuted to expire August 17, 1901, on the ground that the minimum sentence imposed is excessive.

to pay \$5,000,000 for Sumatra wrappers. Now, our department is teaching the American people how to produce that in the United States. We took the gold medal at the Parls exposition for the finest Sumatra tobacco. We have been paying \$8,000,000 a year for filler tobacco, mostly Cuban. We are conducting experiments now in this line of production, with the result that we hope to see most of the filler tobacco produced in the United States. For some of the very finest varieties we may have to go

"We have been importing wheats to im-

"The Agricultural Department is now sending a man to the rice-growing countries of the east. A scientist who has already returned from Japan has brought specimens of rice so much more suitable for the gulf coast than what we formerly had that we are now producing most of the rice that we need and shall soon produce all that we use. The second quality, or broken rice, we are already sending to

#### Beet Sugar Industry.

tories in operation this year. They have thrown out the imported machinery already, both in field and factory, and are using American inventions that are so much superior that we expect a great development in the business. The sugar men have borrowed an idea from the oil co panies. At one of the oldest factories in the United States, in Utah, they have built three mills around the factory, one of them twenty-three miles away, from which they run the juice from the factory in pipes to the central station. Eastern cap ital is rapidly developing the beet sugar industry in the arid states through irrigation. In the Arkansas valley, for instance, million-dollar factories have been put up.

Out for a Drive. President and Mrs. McKinley went out for a drive this morning, and the President was not in his office to visitors before the cabinet meeting at 11 o'clock. The President is winding up the work before him so that he may get away to Canton next week. The expectation is that President and Mrs. McKinley will leave here about Friday of next week.

. A Number of Appointments.

the White House today:

to be marshal of the United States for the eastern district of Tennessee.

Navy-Joseph B. Murdock, to be a com-

win D. Andrews, Raymond S. Bamberger, William H. Bell, jr., Edmund A. Buchanan, Owigh. B. Lawton, Ralph H. Leavitt, John Mudgett, Laurence O. Mathews, George Mullen, Laney M. Mitchell, Floyd C. Miller, Daniel A. Nolan, Launcelot M. Purcell, leorge E. Price, Hugh A. Parker, Kneeland S. Snow, Thorne Strayer, William C. Stoll, Betah Smith, Ira A. Smith, George W. s E. Ware, Frederick E. Wilson, Kenneth P. Williams. Artillery Corps—To be second lieutenants: Thomas W. Hollyday, E. Wilson. To be quartermaster, with the rank of captain, Louis F. Garrard, jr.

## Acts Upon Pardon Cases.

of Columbia of assault and battery and of carrying concealed weapons, and sentenced to 300 days in the District jail from April 22, 1901. He was pardoned on the ground of ill health. The application for pardon in this case was made by the warden and physician of the jail. The physician reported that the prisoner has a dangerous heart disease and dropsy, and that further

of illicit distilling, and sentenced March 26, 1901, to five months in the county jail; sentence commuted to expire July 1.

Lee Cunningham, convicted in the northern district of the Indian territory of assentity with intent to rob and contents. sault with intent to rob, and sentenced April 13, 1899, to five years in the United States penitentiary; sentence commuted to expire October 1, 1901, on the ground of

Officier d'Academie, in recognition of his services to the Musee d'Ethnographie at Paris. The certificate was forwarded through the ambassador at Washington.

Chick Baker, convicted in the southern district of the Indian territory of horse theft, and sentenced May 23, 1899, to five officials here.

Secretary Wilson Talks on Work of His Department.

INCREASE IN DIFFERENT PRODUCTS

recommendation of the judge, who had imposed the minimum penalty.

L. J. Johnson, eastern North Carolina, convicted of removing and concealing distilled spirits. He was sentenced December 6, 1900, to twelve months in the county jail and to neve a fine of 1000.

Secretary Hay, Secretary Long and Post-

said: "I told my associates what we are doing.

prove our own crops in the United States. American-made macaroni has been thought inferior to the imported, and the reason for this was that we did not have suitable macaroni wheats. We have corrected this, so that 100,000 bushels will be grown in this country this year solely for the macaroni mills. It will be only a few years before we make all of our own macaroni.

posed the sentence.'
"I have weighed these suggestions deliberately and with great care, and with a mind disposed toward discovering in them more than appeared upon first considera-tion. The more I regard them the weaker and more inconclusive they appear. Certainly it is true that the acts of Congress do not provide for the disbarment of an attorney who commits a crime; no more do they provide that a minister of the gos-

"There will be over forty beet sugar fac-

The following appointments were made at

State-George W. Cook of the District of Columbia, to be a member of the board of charities for the District of Columbia. Justice-Richard W. Austin of Tennessee,

a colonel; Joseph H. Dorst, to be a lleutenant colonel. To be second lieutenants: Edbert G. English, Thomas B. Estey, Sager, Bates Tucker, Charles W. Tillo William H. Peek, Albert L. Rhoades, Jan

The President today disposed of twentytwo pardon cases. He denied six applications as follows:

confinement would result in his death. The Attorney General recommended his pardon

Commodore Robertson, convicted at Atlanta, Ga., of illicit distilling, and sentenced to six months in the county jail from March 13, 1901; pardoned on account of the

# years in the United States penitentiary; sentence commuted to expire September 1, 1901, for the reason that the minimum sentence imposed is excessive. Elmo Brashears, convicted in the southern district of the Indian territory of horse theft, and sentenced December 3, 1898, to five years in the Missouri penitentiary; sentence commuted to expire Details.

tiary; sentence commuted to expire De-cember 1901, for the reason that the mini-

mum sentence imposed is excessive.

Virgil Weinberg, convicted in the southern district of the Indian territory of larceny, and on October 9, 1809, sentenced to imprison processing the imprison of the impri to imprisonment for five years in the United States penitentiary; sentence com-muted to expire August 15, 1901, on the

ground that the sentence was excessive.

Charles J. Miller pleaded guilty in the southern district of Mississippi of failing to make proper entries in his books as whole-President's Action in Several Pardon Cases. sale liquor dealer, and on January 7, 1901, he was sentenced to pay a fine of \$700; commuted to a fine of \$50 and costs on the

master General Smith were not at the cabinet meeting today, and the session was not a long one. Secretary Wilson talked for some time about the work of his department. On coming out of the cabinet he

Now in tobacco: This country sells \$30,000,-000 worth of tobacco and buys \$13,000,000 worth of high-priced varieties. We have to the tropics, to Porto Rico, Hawaii or the Philippines, but it will be only a question of time when the United States will produce all the tobacco it wants.

#### Making Macaroni.

mander; John L. Gow, to be a lieutenant commander; John R. Brady, to be a lieu-War-Cavalry-Edward S. Godfrey, to be

Seth W. Cook, Clarence A. Dougherty, El-E. Fisher, C. Emery Hathaway, Milton G. Holliday, Robert R. Love, Frank McEnhill, Isaac S. Martin, Albert J. Mohn, Horace N. Munro, William G. Meade, Leon R. Partridge, David L. Roscoe, Daniel D. Tompkins, Robert H. Wiggins, William F. Wheatley. Infantry—To be second lieutenants: William Ashbridge, William A. Alfoute, Roy W. Ashbrook, Francis M. Boon, Arthur E. Boyce, John A. Brockman, George F. Brady, John F. Clapham, James L. Craig, Arthur T. Dalton, Channing E. Delaplane, Frank W. Dawson, Benjamin D. Foulois, Clarence H. Farnham, Samuel H. Fisher, John E. Green, Charles W. Harris, Henry Hossfeld, William St. J. Jervey,

tions, granted five pardons to restore civil rights and granted pardons and commuta-William Smith, convicted in the District

for this reason.

destitute condition of his family.
William Wood, convicted at Atlanta, Ga., of retailing liquor, and sentenced March 14, 1901, to four months in the county jail; sentence commuted to expire July 1.
William Ayres, convicted at Atlanta, Ga.

Ill health.

**NEARLY ALL RETURN** 

the Way.

Two Detachments of Volunteers on

THE STAR BY MAIL.

Persons leaving the city for any

period can have The Star mailed to them to any address in the United

States or Canada, by ordering it at

this office, in person or by letter.

Terms: 13 cents per week; 25 cents for two weeks, or 50 cents per month. Invariably in advance. The address may be changed as frequently as desired. Always give the last address, as well as the new one,

MUSTERING OUT OF THE TROOPS

Discharged.

SHAFTER TO BE RETIRED

General and Staff Officers to Be

All of the volunteers except two small detachments have been returned from the Philippines to the United States and the remainder are expected today or tomorrow. On board the Tyra bound for Portland, Ore., are three officers and seventy-eight men of the 38th Infantry, and on the Kintuck, bound for Seattle, Wash., are two officers and fifty-four men of the 42d Infan-

try. As soon as they arrive they will be

sent at once to San Francisco by rail for muster out. While the time of the volunteers expires by limitation June 30, some doubt is expressed whether the late arrivals can be mustered out until a few days beyond that time. To properly examine the muster rolls, pay off the men and put them through the required medical examination will take considerable time. Some question has arisen as to the payment of the men be-yord the 30th instant, even if they are still In the service; but if the accounting officers do not authorize their payment now they

sylvania. Attorney General Knox recom-mended adversely on the application for pardon, and the President has approved will undoubtedly be paid later by a special act of Congress. On June 30 also all the general and staff officers of the volunteers will be discharged. Major General Shafter, who has been in command of the Department of the Columbia, will go on the retired list as a major general of the army. Major General Wood, governor general of Cuba, will continue in the service as a brigadier general of the the Attorney General says:

"It will be observed that, aside from the qualified reassertion of their plea of not guilty, the petitioners set up but one reason for pardon, i. e., their disbarment from the practice of law, which they claim is a greater punishment than their imprisonment, a punishment not provided by the act of Congress, 'which the trial judge could not have considered when he imposed the sentence.' army and also retain his present position in Cuba. The volunteer army numbered about 35,000 men, all of whom rendered service in the Philippines. It is the present

policy to maintain a standing army of 40,000 men in those islands indefinitely. Passengers on the Kilpatrick. General Shafter, at San Francisco, has informed the War Department of the arrival of the transport Kilpatrick at that city yesterday with the following military

Majors: Scott, 4th; Howard, 48th; Case,

passengers on board:

Majors: Scott, 4th; Howard, 48th; Case, 29th Infantry; Wilder, United States cavalry; and Humphreys, Artillery Corps. Captains: Ryan, commissary; Rivers, 4th Cavalry; Shence, 30th Infantry; First Lieut. Stickle, Corps of Engineers; two nurses, six Hospital Corps men, 43d Infantry Volunteers—1,011 enlisted men, and following officers:

Colonel Murray, Motor Gilmore, Contains, Colonel Murray, Motor Gilmore, Contains Colonel Murray, Major Gilmore, Captains Beavers, Tilden, Dey, Hansen, Cooke, Dun-can, Prescott, Fair, Stewart, Lieutenants Gasser, Masurler, Dutton, Morris, Donnel-ly, Phillips, Seaman, Sweeney, Thayer, wards and punishments.
"The petitioners' disbarment therefore
was no part of their sentence. It was the
commendable act of the Pennsylvania

Swann, Sterrett. Burt. Andrews, Mills, Wilson, Johnston, Estes, Elmer. Truden, Chandler, Steele, Trenor, Major Winn, two contract surgeons. Fourteen dishonorably discharged soldiers. No deaths during voyage Arrivals on the Buford The following military passengers arrived on the transport Buford Wednesday: General Ludlow, Colonel Goodalle, 17th Infantry; Lieut. Col. Heistand, adjutant general's department: Majors Biddle, Engineer Corps; Rodman, 20th Infantry; Chubb, 27th Infantry, and Ruthers, commissary; Captains Bennett, assistant surgeon; Berry, Artillery Corps; Ahern, 9th Infantry; Lloyd, 15th Infantry; Chapman, 20th Infantry; Lieutenants Pinkham, assistant surgeon; Scott, Artillery Corps; Siegle, 38th; Han-nay, 22d; Courtney, 39th, and Smith, 9th Infantry; 41st Infantry Volunteers, twenty

officers and 898 men; twenty-two sick sol-diers, five hospital corps men, twenty-casuals; seventy-five discharged soldiers, two nurses, one veterinarian, two civilian employes, seven contract surgeons, remains of 218 soldiers.

Brought by the Thomas General Shafter reports to the War Department that the following military passengers arrived on the transport Thomas Majors Hoyt, surgeon; Guilfoyle, 12th, and Day, 15th Cavalry; Brown, 42d Infantry; Captains Ingalls, commissary, and Wright 2d Infantry; Lieutenants Wessels, Grabe Colt, Wheat, Capron and Shepard, signal corps; Ashburn, assistant surgeon, and Oakes, corps engineers; Lieutenant Mulli-ken, retired; 47th Infantry, Volunteers, 971 enlisted men and following officers: Colonel Howe, Majors Anderson, Shipton, Captains Galbraith, assistant surgeon; Gulick, Field, Gordon, Hart, Simons, Walsh, Bishop Campbell, Lieutenants Christie, Cole, Gray, England, Murphy, Harrow, Garrison, Meekins, Yost, Pitcairn, Stedje, Harrison, Lan-han, Smyser, Britt, Clarke, Roberts, Egle, Driggs, Dent and Disque; band and three-companies 38th Infantry, Volunteers, 292 enlisted men and the following officers: Major Muir, Captains Read, Collier, Jor-dan, Powell, Lieutenants Morrison, Woods, Kraemer, Hudson, Maxwell; four companies 49th Infantry, Volunteers, 361 en-listed men and the following officers: Lieutenant Colonel Ducat, Captains Bass, Crumbley, Steward, staff; Lieutenants Carcoll. assistant surgeon: Thomas, Perry, Spurlock, Blaney, Campbell, Hayes, Payn and Gough, two nurses, thirteen hospital corps men, one discharged soldier. deaths during the voyage were Private Francis H. Kegarice, D. 47th Infantry, 7th Instant, chronice dysentery; Private Will Parker, E. 49th Infantry, 26th Instant,

pneumonia.

Personal Mention. The following Washingtonians are booked to sail for Europe on the Westernland, which will leave Philadelphia tomorrow: Mrs. A S. Bryan, Mrs. M. B. Cornell, Mrs. M. P. Earle, Mrs. M. Johnson, Miss Johnson, Miss Catharine V. Miller, Mrs. H. G. Tur-

ner and Miss Turner. Mr. O. T. Crosby has gone to Alaska or a trip for recreation. He expects to be absent about six weeks. Mr. George W. Buckingham of Minneap olis has been called home on account of

mother's illness at her residence, 113

Prof. Philip Gerry of the Eastern High School left yesterday with his family for Orkney Springs, Va. Naval Orders. Passed Assistant Surgeon R. S. Blakeman has been ordered to duty at the Nor-

3d street southeast.

folk Hospital. Chief Carpenter H. Rigby, from the Phoeto questions pertaining to the governments of the Philippines and Cuba that the routine business of the department pertaining nix Iron Company to the Port Royal sta-Acting Carpenter H. L. Olmsted, from the to the United States requiring his personal attention has fallen considerably behind. It is understood he will take these matters up

Independence to the Cavite station.

ditional duty as assistant in engineer's de-partment at preliminary trial of the tor-pedo boat Biddle. Lieut. E. H. Dunn, orlered to same duty. Major Goodler Ordered Here. Major Lewis E. Goodier, judge advocate, recently appointed, now at San Francisco,

has been ordered to this city for duty in the office of the judge advocate general.

Lieut, Commander W. H. Nauman, to ad

Appointed Assistant Naval Surgeons. isthmian canal, are in such condition that Alfred William Balch of Saginaw, Mich., and Roger T. Atkinson have been appointed assistant surgeons in the navy.